iVET360° COVID-19 TOWNHALL **HOW TO MANAGE YOUR PRACTICE**

Agenda:

- Financial Measures During COVID-19 | Oliver Roller, Managing Director, Analytics
 - Payment Protection Program
 - Economic Injury Disaster Loan
 - Tax Implications
 - Controlling your Controllables

- Managing Furloughs, Layoffs, RIFs
- Stress Management
- Q&A with Tamisha!

Financial Measures During COVID-19

- CARES Act
 - Capital assistance
 - Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
 - \$349 Billion
 - Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)
 - \$10 Billion
 - Tax Implications
 - Payroll Tax Deferment
 - Employee Retention Credit
- Controlling Your Controllables

- Who can apply
 - Small business, non-profits, veteran organizations, Tribal businesses
 - Sole proprietors, independent contractors
 - Less than 500 employees
 - Operational on February 15th, 2020
 - No owners currently in bankruptcy proceeding
- Where to apply
 - Local banks/credit unions and FDIC institutions (not directly through SBA.gov)
 - Action: Apply through bank; local bank or participating bank
 - Higher chance of fast processing
 - If not, check SBA.gov website for participating banks

- Loan Amount
 - Loan amount= 2.5x average monthly payroll for 2019
 - Monthly payroll= Wages, PTO, fam/parental/medical/PTO, health insurance, retirement benefits, State/Local payroll tax
 - \$10 mill is cap
 - Salaries beyond \$100k, not part of calculation
 - Action: Calculate average monthly payroll for 2019, multiply by 2.5
 - 940 and 941 Tax forms from start of 2019 and "Payroll Summary Report in QBs

- Loan Details
 - 2-year term
 - 1% interest rate
 - Loan payment deferred for 6 months
 - Interest accrues at date of loan origination
 - No collateral, personal guarantees, credit else were test, cash flow assessment...
 - "Allowable uses" of loan
 - Payroll Costs
 - Health insurance
 - Rent
 - Utilities
 - Interest expenses (insured before covered period)

- Loan Forgiveness
 - If used for "allowable" expenses over 8-week period (Feb 15th 2020-June 30th 2020)
 - 75% or more of forgivable amount must be used for payroll
 - Or, other allowable expenses can't exceed 25%
 - "Paycheck" protection program
 - Forgiveness amount adjusted if FTE isn't maintained or Salary reductions are greater than 25% by end of 8-week period
 - Intent is to keep people employed
 - Action: Document everything for 8 weeks to prepare for forgiveness of loan

Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)

- Who can apply
 - Small business, non-profits, veteran organizations, Tribal businesses
 - Sole proprietors, independent contractors
 - Less than 500 employees
 - Operational on February 15th, 2020
 - No owners currently in bankruptcy proceeding
- Where to apply
 - SBA.gov, not local bank

Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)

- Loan Details
 - Max loan \$2 mill
 - Rate 3.75% for businesses, 2.75 for non-profits
 - Up to 30-year terms
 - Personal guarantees required for loans over \$200k
 - Not forgivable
 - \$10k provided in 3 days of application,
 - If not accepted, \$10k does not require pay back

Tax Implications

- Payroll Tax Deferment
 - Option to defer social security tax (6.2%) through end of year
 - Repayment in two equal amounts 12/31/2021 and 12/31/2022
 - Deferred, not forgiven...
- Employee Retention Credit
 - Credit for 50% of social security tax paid to employees during crisis
 - Eligible businesses
 - 50% or more reduction in revenue due to crisis
 - 100 or less employees
- Action: Talk to accountant about these tax implications before taking any other action

Controlling your Controllables

- Action: Manage the business as if PPP will not happen
- Payroll and COGs
 - Slow revenue=tighter margins
 - 60%+ of costs
 - Manage based on revenue generated
 - <u>www.covid19.ivet360.com</u>- Free tools and tips on how to reduce staff costs
- Rent deferment
- Loan Payment deferment
- Insurance Claim Funds

Layoff Alternatives

- Reducing hours
- Furloughs
- Work Share Programs (state dependent)
- Voluntary Separation Program

Layoff Alternatives

Voluntary Separation Program

- allows employees to voluntarily separate employment when business needs demand a reduction in force
- Initiated by the Hospital (not the employee)
- Approval process
- Documentation

One: Goal Setting, Analysis

- What outcome do you want to achieve?
- Are there alternatives? (Furloughs, temporary layoffs, etc.)
- Is this the right time to do this?
- What positions will be impacted?
- What will this achieve?

Two: Make a Plan

- Create your team. Talk with managers, accountants, your iVET360 Analytics
 Manager
- How many cuts need to be made. Where these cuts will happen.
- Re-examine if there are other courses of action.
- Lay out your budget
- Create an initial timeline.
- Document everything.

Three: Layoff, RIF Selection

- Establish criteria.
- Create a team to go through this process.
- Create a list of employees and where they fall within your criteria.
 What are your ranking factors?
- Review WARN Act issues.
- Prepare notices. (Samples available at https://covid19.ivet360.com/

What are your ranking factors?

METHOD #1: SENIORITY-BASED SELECTION

- Definition: Lay off employees based on shortest tenure.
- Pros: Easy, helps avoid age discrimination.
- Cons: Overly simplistic, doesn't help avoid other types of discrimination.

METHOD #2: EMPLOYEE STATUS-BASED SELECTION

- Definition: Lay off employees based on their part-time or contingent worker status.
- Pros: Easy, help better manage your brand.
- Cons: May need to be used with a different method, may not make a big impact on finances if there are not enough part-time employees.

What are your ranking factors?

METHOD #3: MERIT-BASED SELECTION

- Definition: Lay off your poorest performing employees.
- Pros: Helps get rid of poor performers, easy to execute if you have performance reviews.
- Cons: Performance reviews can be subjective, which can lead to legal liability and doesn't consider the importance of different departments.

METHOD #4: SKILLS-BASED SELECTION

- Definition: Retain employees with skills most impactful to your hospital
- Pros: Help keep talent in areas that are helping to improve your hospital's bottom line.
- Cons: Can also be subjective and can lead to legal liability.

What are your ranking factors?

METHOD #5: MULTIPLE-CRITERIA RANKING

- **Definition:** Create a weighted formula that puts emphasis on different criteria most important to your hospital then lay off employees who rank lowest.
- **Pros:** You will be able to customize this to reflect the factors that are most important to your practice.
- Cons: It can be difficult to set up and you'll want to test this against discrimination laws.

Four: Severance, Outplacement, Etc.

- Explore, consider or create severance agreements.
- Consider alerting the team prior to RIFs. Prepare meeting times to notify those being let go.
- Hold meetings and provide communication to survivors after the event.

Addressing layoffs/RIFs with remaining team

- What happened and why?
- Remind them that they are valued
- Explain any re-organization or redefine roles
- Impact on workload or workflow
- Assure team members
- Employee Assistance Programs
- Open Door policy
- Express optimism

Compassion Fatigue

Compassion fatigue: a type of secondary stress that occurs from an intense desire to help others

- Emotional exhaustion
- Physical exhaustion
- Decrease in the ability to empathize
- Symptoms manifest in many ways outside of primary stressor:
 - arguing with friends and family, lacking patience for small transgressions, headaches, sleep disturbances, and even a lack of self-care

Tips to Prevent Compassion Fatigue

- Practice self-care
- Set emotional boundaries
- Engage in hobbies
- Use positive coping strategies
- Create work strategies

Tips to Prevent Compassion Fatigue

- Create routines for home
- Beware of "fact flooding" (news, notifications) and its impact on you. Limit exposure.
- Find something funny and laugh out loud every day.
- Reframe your mindset!

Q&A with Tamisha

Question and Answer time with Tamisha!

Instead of "questions and answers," will be providing rapid-fire answers that cover broad spectrums of questions.

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Question 1: My employee has tested positive for COVID-19. Now what?

- Infected employees should immediately leave the workplace and not return to work until the criteria to discontinue home isolation is met.
 - 72 hours has passed with no fever and without the use of fever-reducing medications
 - Improvement in respiratory symptoms AND
 - At least 7 days have passed since symptoms first appeared
- Inform fellow employees of their possible exposure to COVID-19
- Perform enhanced cleaning and disinfection

Question 2: Can I layoff salaried employees?

Yes.

 Salaried employees can absolutely be laid off. They can be furloughed too.

Avoid partial workweeks

Same process as other employees.

Question 3: My DVMs are working less. How do I fairly compensate them?

Will be employer specific due to various compensation plans

 May reduce base pay based on the number of hours less they are working

Continue to pay production

Question 4: What are some ways we can conserve PPE?

- Postponing elective procedures that require the use of PPE
- Cloth gowns, caps, masks, and drapes serve as effective replacements for disposable items.
- Safely extending the use of disposable PPE, re-using disposable PPE, or increased use of washable PPE.

 The FDA has issued guidance in a letter to healthcare providers regarding surgical mask and gown conservation strategies.

Question 5: For the Emergency FMLA, would the first 10 unpaid days be calendar days or workdays?

- Right now, the assumption in the HR world is that since you can take it on an intermittent basis, then the same rules as FMLA apply.
- For the first 2 weeks being unpaid, because it is written as "first two weeks unpaid," the assumption is that means the first two calendar weeks.

Question 6: What documents do I need to require of my employees to use EPSL or EFMLA?

- Employee name;
- The date(s) for which leave is requested;
- The reason for leave; and
- A statement that you are unable to work because of the above reason.

Question 6: What documents do I need to require of my employees to use EPSL or EFMLA?

- Quarantine or isolation order: provide the name of the government entity that issued the order
- Self quarantine based on advice of a health care provider: provide the name of the health care provider
- Leave to care for a child whose school or place of childcare is closed:
 Provide the name of your child, name of the school or childcare and a statement that no other suitable person is available.

Question 7: An employee was sick and is better now, but my team is afraid to work with them?

Maintain privacy and confidentiality

 Raise awareness about COVID-19 without increasing fear. Share accurate information about how the virus spreads.

 Speak out against negative behaviors, including negative statements on social media about groups of people, or exclusion of people who pose no risk from regular activities.

We made it!

Thank you so much for attending our Town Hall. Our next Town Hall is scheduled for **Wednesday, April 15**th at 12pm PST.

Ensure you stay tuned to our COVID Resource Website here: covid19.ivet360.com

Visit the website below to sign up for additional HR Support regarding COVID-19

https://ivet360.com/hr/

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